

SVA Quarterly article, Paradigm shift needed to address joblessness beyond Covid-19

Table 1: Critical labour market problems and proposed responses

Labour market problem	Potential responses
Youth labour market	Youth guarantee
Disruption to youth labour market because of Covid	Crisis response: Fully subsidise short term jobs for young
Heightened risk to education to work transition, with long term consequences for employment, incomes and mental health	people at risk of unemployment Environmental jobs program
Decline in youth participation in VET	Long term approach:
pathways	Expansion of apprenticeships and traineeships across all levels of government
	Use of wage subsidies and procurement to secure commitments from employers to creating long term career pathways for unemployed youth
Job poor communities	Local jobs initiatives
Communities with entrenched unemployment prior to Covid at risk of	Crisis response:
falling further behind	Offer pool of funding for short term jobs in job poor community, addressing areas of
Knock on effects to health – intergenerational disadvantage	community need
Need to invest in poor communities to build	Longer term response:
resilience	Build/resource local structures to enable local communities to create opportunities
Existing group of long term unemployed face increased competition for jobs	for local people
Limited private sector job opportunities for unemployed people with health conditions, disabilities or other obstacles to work	Set local job targets and deploy measures including procurement and service provision, to achieve them
Historical underinvestment in remote communities	Implement a remote jobs scheme to be run by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Controlled Organisations
Skills formation	Strategic skilled workforce initiatives
Persistent skills shortages, skills mismatch	Crisis response:
Need for closer connection between VET provision and employment opportunity	Establish pilot programs which involve employers, TAFE, group training
Fragile/fragmented labour demand	

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Need to improve occupational standards and working conditions in some key areas (eg caring)

Need for additional support for at risk groups

organisations and others to build new, integrated work/learning pathways

Longer term response:

Develop policies that increase employer investment in workplace training and establishment of new skills pathways for at risk groups

Support and enhance group training model to provide employment continuity, aggregate demand and increase completions